

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Original) A eukaryotic cell comprising:
a first recombinant gene encoding a chimeric receptor;
a second recombinant gene encoding a compound the expression of which creates an
autocrinic or anti-autocrinic loop; and
a reporter system that is activated or inactivated upon the creation of said autocrinic or
anti-autocrinic loop.
2. (Original) The eukaryotic cell of claim 1 wherein the cell is any eukaryotic cell other
than yeast.
3. (Previously amended) The eukaryotic cell of claim 1 wherein the chimeric receptor is
a multimeric or multimerizing receptor.
4. (Previously amended) The eukaryotic cell of claim 1, wherein said second
recombinant gene is functionally incorporated after a constitutive promoter.
5. (Previously amended) The eukaryotic cell of claim 1 wherein said reporter system is
activated as a result of a ligand binding to said chimeric receptor.
6. (Previously amended) The eukaryotic cell of claim 1 wherein a cytoplasmic part of
the chimeric receptor is a cytoplasmic part of at least one interferon receptor subunit.
7. (Original) The eukaryotic cell of claim 1 wherein the reporter system comprises *E.*
coli xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyl transferase (gpt).
8. (Previously amended) The eukaryotic cell of claim 7 wherein said reporter system is
placed under control of a 6-16 reporter.

9. (Original) The eukaryotic cell of claim 4 wherein said second recombinant gene is inserted after an SRa or HEF1a promoter.

10. (Original) The eukaryotic cell of claim 1 wherein the cell is a 2fTGH cell.

11. (Four times amended) A method of screening a compound that inhibits the binding of a ligand with the extracellular part of a chimeric receptor and/or with the signaling pathway of the cytoplasmic part of a chimeric receptor, the method comprising:
providing the eukaryotic cell of claim 1;
contacting said eukaryotic cell with said compound; and
selecting cells in which the cell's reporter system is inactivated;
thus screening for the compound that inhibits the binding of the ligand with the extracellular part
of the chimeric receptor or with the signaling pathway of the cytoplasmic part of the
chimeric receptor.

12-13. Canceled.

14. (Previously amended) A kit, comprising a eukaryotic host cell and one or more transformation vectors, which upon the transfection of said cell with said vector or vectors, results in the eukaryotic cell of claim 1.

15. (Three times amended) A method of screening for ligands of an orphan receptor comprising:

providing a eukaryotic cell comprising:

a first recombinant gene encoding a chimeric receptor;

AV a library of recombinant genes encoding at least one compound, the expression of which creates an autocrine loop;

a reporter system that is activated upon the creation of said autocrine loop;

selecting cells in which the cell's reporter system is activated; and

identifying the ligand corresponding to the at least one compound that activated said autocrine loop;

thus screening for the ligands of an orphan receptor.

16. (Previously amended) The method according to claim 24 wherein said series of compounds comprise genes encoding said antagonists.

17. Canceled.

18. (Previously amended) The method according to claim 15 wherein said ligands are produced by the autocrine loop.

19-20. Canceled.

21. (Previously added) The eukaryotic cell of claim 2 wherein the chimeric receptor is a multimeric or multimerizing receptor.

22. (Previously added) The eukaryotic cell of claim 2 wherein said second recombinant gene is functionally incorporated after a constitutive promoter.

23. (Previously added) The eukaryotic cell of claim 2 wherein said reporter system is activated as a result of a ligand binding to said chimeric receptor.

24. (Previously added) A method of screening for antagonists inhibiting ligand-receptor binding comprising:
providing a eukaryotic cell comprising:

a first recombinant gene encoding a chimeric receptor;
a second recombinant gene encoding a compound, the expression of which creates an autocrine loop;
a reporter system that is activated upon the creation of said autocrine loop;
reacting a series of compounds with said eukaryotic cell;
assaying the inhibiting activity of the ligand-receptor binding of each element of said series of compounds by assaying the deactivation of the reporter system; and
based on said deactivation, determining the presence of an antagonist.

25. (Previously added) A method of screening for antagonists inhibiting ligand-receptor binding comprising:
providing a eukaryotic cell comprising:

a first recombinant gene encoding a chimeric receptor;
a second recombinant gene encoding a compound, the expression of which creates an anti-autocrine loop;
a reporter system that is deactivated upon the creation of said anti-autocrine loop;
assaying the activity of the ligand-receptor binding by assaying the activation of the reporter system; and
determining the presence of an antagonist that creates said anti-autocrine loop by scoring the deactivation of the reporter.